2040 Transportation Policy Plan

Transportation Committee
March 24, 2014



2040 TPP Schedule

- April 2013 to May 2014: Policymaker Task Force, Partner Agency Work Group and other stakeholder discussions on preparation of draft 2040 TPP
- December 2013: Council, TAB Investment Factors workshop
- January to May 2014: Monthly progress updates with TAB, TAC and Transportation Committee
- May 2014: Thrive MSP 2040 adopted
- May to July 2014: Draft for public comment to TAC, TAB, Transportation Committee, Council
- July through September 2014: Public comment on DRAFT 2040 TPP
- October to November: Revisions based on public comment
- December 2014: Final plan adoption



Part II Draft Outline

- a. Existing system descriptions
- b. Strategies with supporting text
- **C.** Transportation system finance
- d. Transportation and land use
- e. Modal investment direction and plans
 - a. Highway
 - b. Transit
 - c. Bicycle and pedestrian
 - d. Freight
 - e. Aviation



Finance



Requirements

- Federally required to include a financial plan that demonstrates how the adopted transportation plan can be implemented, including:
 - System-level estimates of costs and revenues to adequately operate and maintain transit and highways (not rural minor collector or local streets)
 - Estimates of capital funds that will be available to implement the plan
 - Revenue and cost estimates in year of expenditure dollars
 - May reflect cost ranges/cost bands beyond the first 10 years of the plan
- Federally allowed (but not required) to show additional projects that would be included in the adopted plan if additional funding were made available

Overview

- Revenue assumptions
 - Overall
 - State Highway
 - Transit
 - Local transportation
- Fiscally constrained scenario
 - State Highway spending
 - Transit spending
 - Local transportation spending



	Calendar Years			
REVENUES	2015-2024	2025-2034	2035-2040	Total Fiscal Contraint Revenues
State Highway Revenues				
Highway User	2,866	3,209	2,249	8,324
Federal	1,577	1,859	1,257	4,693
Subtotal State Highway Revenue	4,443	5,068	3,506	13,017
Transit Revenues				
Motor Vehicles Sales Tax (MVST)	2,883	3,696	2,697	9,276
State General fund	1,033	1,653	1,333	4,019
State Bonds	316	147	154	618
Fares	1,504	2,104	1,554	5,162
Federal Transit (CMAQ, 5307, 5340)	1,018	1,161	778	2,957
Federal Transit (New Starts)	1,000	1,000	600	2,600
New Starts - Cash Flow	425	(425)	-	(0)
Other (Advertising, Greater Mn Share)	128	167	122	417
Sales Tax (CTIB)	1,418	1,771	1,343	4,531
Property Tax (RTC and RRA)	650	625	510	1,785
Subtotal Transit Revenues	10,375	11,899	9,091	31,365
Local Transportation Revenues				
Highway User	2,288	2,789	1,958	7,035
Federal (STP, TAP, HSIP?)	520	, 595	399	1,515
Wheelage Tax/Motor Veh. Lease tax	1,533	1,674	1,222	4,429
Property Tax	8,572	11,461	8,472	28,506
Subtotal Local Transportation Revenues	12,913	16,519	12,052	41,484

27,730

33,487



85,866

24,649

TOTAL REVENUES

State Highway Revenues

State

- Gas tax, Vehicle registration tax, hwy share of motor vehicle sales tax (60% of MVST)
- 62% goes to trunk highways
- Modest overall annual increase (1.2% per year)
- 38% of capital and 25% of operations for Metro area

Federal

- Gas tax
- About 85% goes to highways
- Modest overall annual increase (1.4% per year)
- 38% of National Highway System and state share of Surface Transportation Program for Metro area

Local Transportation Revenues

- Included to demonstrate adequate funding available to operate and maintain highways, otherwise TPP addresses only federally funded (STP, TAP) or regionally significant projects (A-minor projects with potential impact on air quality)
- County and city share of state highway revenues, county wheelage tax, motor vehicle lease tax assumed to grow 2.5% per year
- Local share of STP and TAP assumed to grow 1.4% per year
- Local property taxes (majority of funding) assumed to cover remainder



Transit Revenues

State

- MVST funds existing operations, grows with inflation
- State General Fund grows with Metro Mobility growth
- General Obligation Bonds assumed for transitway expansion to match federal funds and supplement CTIB

Fares and other

 Maintain consistent with current revenue percentages over time (fare increases to keep up with inflation)



Transit Revenues

Federal

- FTA formula funds for maintenance
- Federal CMAQ funds for limited expansion
- New Starts/competitive federal for transitway expansion, \$100 M per year

Local

 CTIB, property tax for RRAs, and property tax for Met Council maintenance



	Calendar Years				
EXPENSES	2015-2024	2025-2034	2035-2040	Total Fiscal Contraint Expenses	Increased Funding Need
State Highway Expenses					
Operations	1,350	1,554	972	3,876	TBD
Construction - preservation	2,410	3,514	2,534	8,458	2.0 – 2.5 B
Construction - expansion/mobility	683	-	-	683	4.0 – 5.0 B
Subtotal State Highway	4,443	5,068	3,506	13,017	6.0 – 7.5 B
Transit - Bus System					
Operations - Existing Operations - Expansion	4,886 -	6,461 -	4,857 -	16,203 -	\$0 \$XXXX
Capital - Maintenance and Preservation	811	927	648	2,387	\$0
Capital - Modernization	96	117	83	297	\$XXXX
Capital - Expansion Transit - Transitway System	96	117	83	297	\$XXXX
Operations - Existing	881	1,127	823	2,831	\$0
Operations - Expansion	448	1,013	744	2,205	\$XXXX
Capital - Maintenance and Preservation Capital - Modernization	90	164 -	114 -	368 -	\$0 \$XXXX
Capital - Expansion Unallocated Expansion Funds	3,065 -	60 1,913	- 1,738	3,125 3,651	\$XXXX \$XXXX
Subtotal Transit Expenses	10,383	11,899	9,091	31,364	-
Local Transportation Expenses					
Operating	5,310	6,787	4,949	17,046	
Capital	7,603	9,732	7,103	24,438	
Subtotal Local Transportation	12,913	16,519	12,052	41,484	

33,228

24,419

27,467

85,866 ME

12

Total Expenses

Fiscally Constrained State Highway

- In first 10 years, largely able to meet preservation needs with limited funding for expansion / mobility (\$683 M included CoC funding)
- After 2024, no expansion funding and preservation needs will not be met fully
- Operations spending decreases as a share of total spending
- Revenues will not keep pace with inflation



Fiscally Constrained Local Transportation Spending

- Revenues and expenditures are expected to grow with inflation
- Local property tax will grow faster than inflation to make up for slower state and federal growth



Fiscally Constrained Transit

Transit System

- Existing system operation plus Metro Mobility growth
- Existing system bus maintenance and preservation funded
- Bus system expansion or modernization through CMAQ or other federal programs, projects not specified
- No funding for ongoing expanded operations



Fiscally Constrained Transit

Transitways

- Existing operations funded including Green Line (assumes State and CTIB)
- Existing system maintenance and preservation funded
- Capital expansion funding through CTIB sales tax, state bonds, and federal sources
- Operations for LRT and Highway BRT expansion projects are funded, Arterial BRT operations unfunded



Fiscally Constrained Transit

Transitways

- Expansion includes:
 - METRO Green Line Extension (SWLRT)
 - METRO Blue Line Extension (Bottineau)
 - METRO Orange Line (I-35W South)
 - 4 Arterial BRTs
- Undesignated expansion funds available post-2024 (CTIB, Federal New Starts, CMAQ, state bonds)



Highway Investments

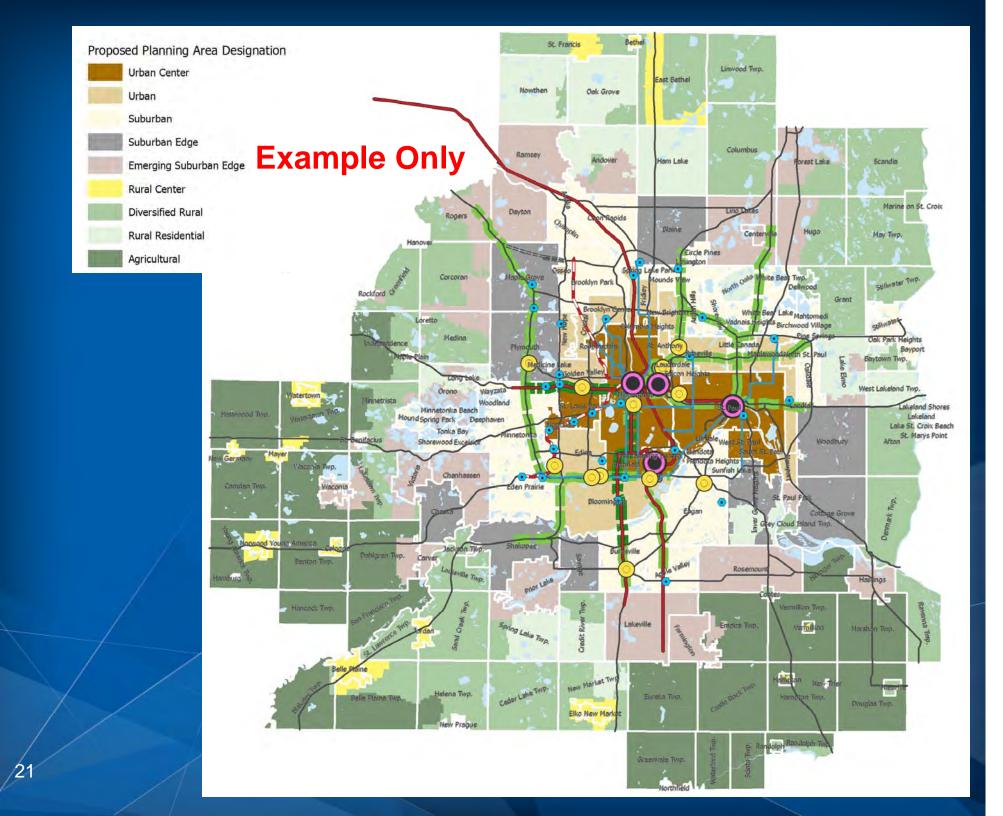
Investment direction
Investment plan
Issues to address before next TPP update

Investment Direction

- Advances direction in 2030 TPP
- Incorporates Thrive MSP 2040 principles, outcomes, and language, and MN State Highway Investment Plan (MnSHIP)
- Strong highway system important to businesses and residents
- Mature, well-managed freeway system
 - Will not eliminate congestion, but can manage it and provide alternatives like MnPASS
 - Limited highway funding
 - Highest priority on operating, maintaining, and rebuilding
 - Priority in system-wide, lower-cost/high-benefit approach to existing problems
- Travel demand management (TDM), transit, bicycle and pedestrian improvements, and land use changes important for congestion management

Dec 2013 TPP Policymaker Workshop – Top Ranking Highway Investment Factors

- Improves Economic Vitality/Access to Regional Job and Activity Centers
- Supports Job and Population Forecasts, Local Comprehensive Plans
- Cost Effective
- Regional Balance of Investments
- Completes/Closes a Gap in the System
- Increases Travel Time Reliability



Highway Investments

Continue to list MnDOT investments and provide direction to local investments and Regional Solicitation Fiscally constrained plan allocates \$13 billion

- Region's highest state highway priorities
- Does not allocate \$1.3 billion federal for Regional Solicitation

Increased revenue scenario includes \$7.8 billion capital, MnDOT developing operations and maintenance \$

- Next set of priorities
- Funding amount based on TFAC plus operations information from MnDOT
- Equivalent to more than a 40 cent increase in gas tax

Highway Investments	Fiscally Constrained Scenario*				Increased Funding Scenario	
Investment category	2015-2024 (10 years)	2025-2034 (10 years)	2035-2040 (6 years)	2015-2040 (26 years)	2015-2040 (26 years)	
Operations & Maintenance	\$1.3 billion	\$1.6 billion	\$1.0 billion	\$3.9 billion	\$XX billion	
Project Support	\$0.4 billion	\$0.3 billion	\$0.2 billion	\$0.9 billion	\$0.7 billion	
Asset Management (pavement, bridge, other infrastructure)	\$1.8 billion	\$3.0 billion	\$2.1 billion	\$6.9 billion	\$2 to 2.5 billion	
Safety, Bicycle, and Accessible Pedestrian Improvements	\$0.2 billion	\$0.3 billion	\$0.2 billion	\$0.7 billion	\$0.6 billion	
Mobility •ATM •CMSP •MnPASS •Strategic Capacity •Regional Highway Access	\$683 million •\$50 million •\$200 million •\$200 million •\$220 million •\$13 million	\$0	\$0	\$0.7 billion	\$4 billion	
TOTAL*	\$4.4 billion	\$5.1 billion	\$3.5 billion	\$13 billion	\$XX billion	

^{*}Fiscally constrained investments do not include \$1.3 billion in federal funding for improvements to the principal and "A" minor arterial system to be identified by the Transportation Advisory Board through the Regional Solicitation. Investments funded through the Regional Solicitation must be consistent with the Transportation Policy Plan.

Fiscally Constrained Highway Investments

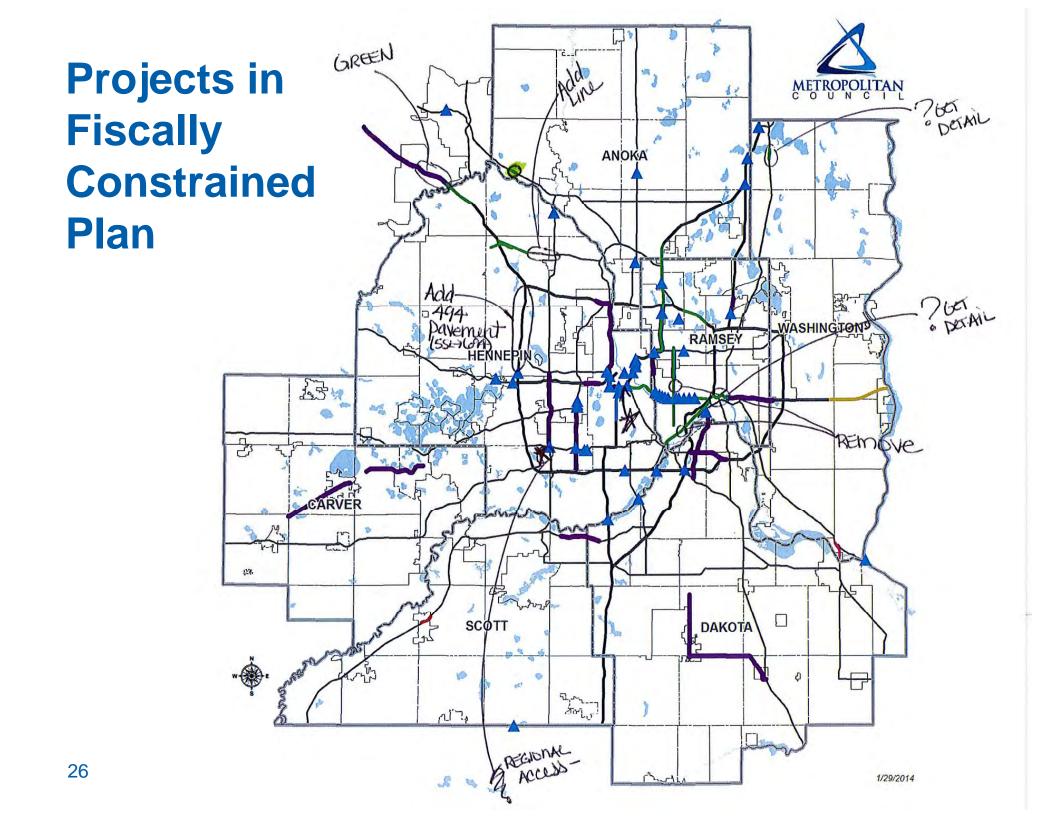
Mobility funding is further reduced from 2030 TPP and eliminated after 2024

- Corridors of Commerce and Transportation and Economic Development (TED) programs contribute \$234 M (34% of mobility)
- ATM and CMSP will be programmatic investments
- Projects
 - MnPASS southbound I-35W from downtown MPLS, I-35W between TH 36 and US 10; I-94 between downtown MPLS and St. Paul
 - Corridors of Commerce TH 610, I-94, and I-694
 - TED Armstrong Boulevard interchange at US 10 (Ramsey)

Fiscally Constrained Highway Investments

Regional highway access improvements identified for first time

- Transportation and Economic Development program contributes \$13M (100% of regional access)
- Projects include:
 - I-94 at 5th/7th Street interchange (Minneapolis)
 - US 212 at Shady Oak interchange (Eden Prairie)
 - TH 100 at several interchanges between 36th and Barry streets (St. Louis Park)



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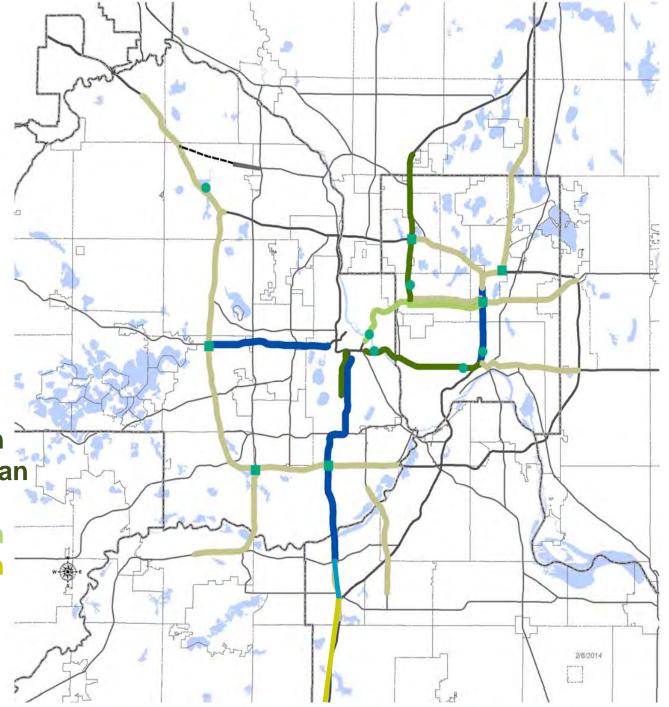
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MnPASS System Vision

MnPASS Existing or in Construction

Tier 1 MnPASS Expansion in Fiscally Constrained plan

Tier 2 MnPASS Expansion Tier 3 MnPASS Expansion



Increased Revenue Investments – Strategic Capacity

- May be identified through preservation, safety, Congestion Management and Safety Plan Update (CMSP), or Congestion Management Process
- Separate from CMSP projects
- Freeway
 - Bus only shoulder lanes, unpriced dynamic shoulder lanes, auxiliary lanes
 - Permanent general purpose lanes on Interstates to correct lane continuity
- Non-Freeway
 - Cost-effective improvements integrated with preservation, safety, and modernization
 - ATM, traffic signal coordination, transit advantages, intersection improvements

Increased Revenue Investments - Interchanges

Strategic capacity

- US 169 at 101st Avenue (Brooklyn Park)
- Other intersection conversions to be identified before next
 TPP update

Improve access to existing regional job and activity centers – I-494 at Bush Lake Road (Bloomington)

Provide access to planned job and activity centers

- I-94/TH 610 at Hennepin County 610/Maple Grove Parkway (Maple Grove)
- I-494 at Argenta Trail (Mendota Heights, Eagan)
- I-94 at Brockton (Dayton, Rogers)
- TH 212 at Carver County 140 (Chaska)

Additional Highway Needs beyond Increased Funding

- TH 41 bridge over Minnesota River (Carver and Scott Counties) right-of-way and construction
- Future principal arterials to support future suburban edge and emerging suburban edge communities
 - Anoka County east-west on Anoka County 22/Viking Boulevard
 - Dakota County east-west and north-south, alignments to be identified in future
 - Scott County north-south on Scott County 17 and TH 13;
 east-west on Scott County 8/Dakota County 70
 - Washington County north-south, alignment to be identified in future
 - Not warranted within current planning timeframe as urban/sewered area is not forecast to expand

Highway Work Program

- MnDOT State Highway Systems Operation Plan update and future projections
- Met Council metropolitan traffic safety issues and priorities
- MnDOT MnPASS designs and studies
- Met Council non-freeway principal arterial intersection conversion study
- MnDOT Congestion Management and Safety Plan update
- Congestion Management Process evaluate strategies and identify strategic capacity enhancements
- Highway jurisdiction, funding, and performance issues county principal and MnDOT "A" minor arterials

Process to Review, Comment, and Revise the first DRAFT

- Review by Met Council Thrive-TPP Joint Working Group
- Review by TPP Partner Agency Work Group and Policymaker Task Force
- First DRAFT published on ftp and Dropbox Web sites –
 see instructions from Katie White
 - https://www.dropbox.com/sh/ijamqjqw5a029eb/atOTZOSDUo
 - ftp://ftp.metc.state.mn.us/Trans/TPP%20Draft%20Chapter%20Content%20for%20Review/
- Discussion with TAB, Met Council Transportation Committee, CTIB, TAC, and others
- Revise first DRAFT based on comments received

Questions?

 Send comments to katie.white@metc.state.mn.us or amy.vennewitz@metc.state.mn.us

